BEFORE THE WEST VIRGINIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD

DD OIL COMPANY, A WEST VIRGINIA CORPORATION,

APPELLANT,

vs. APPEAL NUMBER: 22-01-EQB

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA, EX REL., HAROLD D. WARD, CABINET SECRETARY, WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION,

APPELLEE.

Original

EVIDENTIARY HEARING

JULY 14, 2022 9:00 A.M.

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 601 57TH STREET, SE CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA 25304

Denys Snodgrass, Certified Court Reporter

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APPEARANCES

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD MEMBERS:

DR. EDWARD SNYDER, CHAIR CHARLES C. SOMERVILLE, Ph.D., VICE-CHAIR MARYBETH WINTERS STEPHEN G. CAPELLI, SR.

MARK S. WEILER, ESQUIRE OFFICE OF WV ATTORNEY GENERAL 812 QUARRIER STREET, 2ND FLOOR CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA 25301 304-558-8989

KENNA DERAIMO, CLERK AIR QUALITY BOARD

ON BEHALF OF APPELLANT:

J. MORGAN LEACH, ESQUIRE PO BOX 5518 VIENNA, WEST VIRGINIA 26105 855-444-5529 MORGAN@JMORGANEACH.LAW

RYAN J. UMINA, ESQUIRE 133 GREENBAG ROAD MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA 26501 304-838-8024 RYAN@UMINALEGAL.COM

ON BEHALF OF THE APPELLEE:

CHARLES S. DRIVER, ESQUIRE
OFFICE OF LEGAL SERVICES
WV DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
601 57TH STREET, S.E.
CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA 25304
304-414-1121
CHARLES.S.DRIVER@WV.GOV

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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Good morning, everyone.
The Environmental Quality Board meeting, the 14th of July
2022. I'm Ed Snyder, Chairman of the Environmental
Quality Board. And we have a full complement of the
board here today. Chuck Somerville, Steve Capelli and
Marybeth Winters, our legal person, legal assistant Mark
Weiler, and Kenna our clerk and Kathy, our administrative
secretary.

We're here today to hear the evidence in Appeal Number 2201-EQB DD Oil Company, a West Virginia Corporation v State of West Virginia, ex rel., Harold D. Ward, Cabinet Secretary, West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection.

What I'd like to do now is have the parties

-- or the representatives introduce yourselves for the
record, starting off with the Appellants, if you would,
please.

MR. LEACH: Good morning, Mr. Chairman. My name is Morgan Leach. I'm counsel for DD Oil and I'll let my co-counsel introduce himself.

CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Thank you.

MR. UMINA: Good morning, Mr. Chairman. My name is Ryan Umina, also here on behalf of DD Oil.

1	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Thank you, Mr. Umina.
2	MR. DRIVER: This is Scott Driver for
3	Appellee West Virginia Department of Environmental
4	Protection. Seated at counsel table with me is the
5	agency representative James Martin. And I believe dialed
6	in by Zoom is our expert witness Randy Albert, and then I
7	have some fact witnesses sitting in the gallery behind
8	me.
9	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Thank you, Mr. Driver.
10	So let the record show we have the parties here. Let the
11	record show we also have a quorum of the Board.
12	The Board is independent of the agency that
13	issued the permit or order in question and will conduct
14	the hearing impartially and in a manner fair to all
15	parties involved.
16	The rules of the Board can be found at 46-
17	CSR-4. I know all the attorneys know it. They govern
18	the conduct of this hearing, as does West Virginia Code
19	29-1-5-1, et seq.
20	We are going to be recording this and the
21	court reporter is there keeping a proper record. Please
22	for all technical terms, you may need to spell them out.
23	We will only have one person speaking at a time and the

most important thing we'll probably do today is keep a

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good record.

So for the court reporter, if at any point in time you need someone to repeat something or people are speaking over each other, you have any issues, please don't be shy.

Now, continuing onward. Presentations, the order we're going to have, the Appellant will start, and then followed by the Appellee dealing with the matters that are before us today.

And we do have some pending matters we need to address. It's my understanding that these first two pleadings, first WVDEP had a motion, Appellee's Vacation of Subject Order and Annulment of Underlying Notices of Violation and Motion to Dismiss that was filed on July the 8th, and it was responded to by DD Oil Company in response to WVDEP's Vacation of Subject Order and Annulment of Underlying Notices of Violations and Motion to Dismiss filed on the 12th.

And I think we'll have Mr. Driver get started with this, and then we'll proceed to Mr. Leach.

MR. WEILER: Mr. Chairman, this is Mark
Weiler. Scott, if you could, you know, do a procedural
history, which you probably are going to, but to let the
Board know how we got here before you go into the reasons

1	why we should leave.
2	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: And, Mr. Weiler, Thank
3	you. And, yeah, make sure if I start getting ahead, pull
4	the reigns, so we keep everything as orderly as we can.
5	MR. DRIVER: Okay. If I could have about
6	30 seconds.
7	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Thirty whole seconds.
8	MR. WEILER: Thirty seconds.
9	MR. DRIVER: I don't even think it'll take
10	that long, luckily.
11	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: You can take a full
12	you can take a full minute, Scott.
13	MR. DRIVER: Okay. I'm going to go ahead
14	and go into what we consider ancient history on it, and
15	then I'm going to go into what we consider the relevant
16	procedural history, which is what we cited in our motion.
17	On March 26th, 2020, DD Oil issued the well
18	work permits that are referenced. On or about September
19	25th, 2020, it's DEP's contention that DD Oil completed
20	its drilling of several wells.
21	On April 25th, 2021, it's DEP's contention
22	that DD Oil was required to complete its reclamation.
23	That's sort of the genesis of why we're here. DD Oil's
24	contention is that the clock didn't start ticking on the

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reformation and DEP's contention is that it did. 1 what we consider the relevant procedural 2 history for purposes of this motion, on February 1st, 3 2022, Doug Nuland, who I've got here as an inspector 4 supervisor with DEP. He issued four notices of violation, which I'll be referring to as NOVs to DD Oil 6 for violation of the West Virginia code. 7 Each NOV stated that a particular form was 8 9 required to be submitted within 90 days of the completion of well work. The Appellant has the right to appeal that 10 or to apply for an annulment. 11

On February 18th, 2022, they did that, citing West Virginia Code 22-6-4(d). There's no allegation that it wasn't timely or procedurally done correctly. The Appellant alleged that it hadn't completed drilling and it was entitled to annulment of those notices of violation.

On March 9th, 2022, pursuant to the West Virginia Code and the Environmental Resources sections of the West Virginia code and, specifically, the oil and gas sections, DEP issued an order, which was order number 2022-6.

That order affirmed each of the NOVs and denied the Appellant's application for the annulment. On

March 24th, the Appellant filed in a timely manner its
notice of appeal. And it alleged that it was aggrieved
by the notices of violation described in its accompanying
appeal, and it alleged that it was aggrieved by order
2022-6.
On July 8th, 2022, that's when we

represented to the Board and memorialized by a later order that as originally requested by the Appellant, we were annulling the NOVs at issue on procedural grounds and we were entirely vacating order 2022-6. And the order vacating that previous order is order 2022-9.

And as I'll be arguing, it is DEP's contention that order 2022-6 is the specific agency action that has been complained of. It has been vacated and the original relief to which the Appellant is entitled has been granted and we don't have anything left that the Board has jurisdiction to consider. So that is what we consider the relevant procedural history.

MR. WEILER: Why did you vacate? Why did
DEP vacate?

MR. DRIVER: The Appellant had raised the issue that pursuant to West Virginia Code 22-6-4, they're entitled to apply for the annulment of these notices of violation.

Their argument was that there is a clause in there that says a special inspection must be performed by the Department. When we're reviewing that, we have to review and decide whether or not to annul those NOV's and let them stand.

They argue that there is a clause in there that said as part of the special inspection, we have to do a side visit. And they said upon reviewing the record and reviewing the pleadings, it became clear that we had done a records review, we had done a special inspection of the records, but a site visit did not take place.

Accordingly, we deemed that the original annulment review was incomplete, and we vacated it because in that particular case on that issue, the Appellant was correct in that our administrative review of it was incomplete.

Accordingly, we vacated it, as originally requested and as they had argued in their pleadings. And it's pursuant to Order 2022-9, it's fully vacated. It's gone. It's of no force and effect, and the underlying NOVs, four of them have been annulled.

MR. WEILER: Mr. Chairman, do you all have any questions of Mr. Driver or you would like to hear from DD Oil's counsel first?

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MR. DRIVER: Mr. Weiler, if I could
1
    interject --
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                 MR. WEILER: Okay.
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                 MR. DRIVER: -- other than the procedural
    history, I do have some -- some further argument.
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6
                 MR. WEILER: Okay. I'm sorry.
                              No. That's Okay.
7
                 MR. DRIVER:
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   As you know, we have moved the Board to dismiss the
    appeal on the basis of mootness, as order 2022-6 and the
    underlying notice of violation have been vacated, as
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11
    originally requested.
                 As the Board knows, there is limited
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    subject matter of an appeal that the Board has
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    jurisdiction over. I have our paralegal Daniel who is
14
    assisting me with the technical issues. And, Daniel, if
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   you could pull up and share on the screen, the documented
16
    labeled "West Virginia Code 22B-1-7." And if you could
17
    enlarge that a bit.
18
                 And if it is possible for the Board
19
20
   members, if the Board members could take their smiling
21
    faces off of screen for a minute, so we can read that
22
    fully. And it's -- it's not a significant -- there we
23
    go. I'm reading from what I've got on the screen with
    some emphasis as 22B-1-7, which is the provision of the
24
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code that governs appeals to boards. In relevant part, I'm reading subsection "C," which states that "An appeal filed with a board by a person subject to (in bold) an order, permit or official action (end of emphasis) shall be perfected by filing a notice of appeal with the board within 30 days after the date upon which such order, permit or official action (in bold) was received by such person, as demonstrated by the date of receipt."

So that is the code section that lays out exactly what the Appellant is entitled to, and it lays out the subject matter jurisdiction of a board in black-letter law. An interested or allegedly aggrieved party can appeal an order, permit or official action within 30 days of receipt.

And, Daniel, if you can take that down and put up what I most likely have labeled as "EQB Rules B and C," and enlarge that for me. And, as you can see --scroll back up just a little bit for the citation for the court reporter -- as you can see in the board's procedural rule, which is 46-CSR-4.2, subsection "C," under "when to file," it states, "An appeal filed by a person authorized by statute to seek review of (in bold) an order, permit or official action shall be perfected by filing a notice of appeal within 30 days."

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Then if we could scroll down a little bit to subsection "C". The content of the appeal (in bold) "The notice of appeal shall set forth the action complained of (end of emphasis). And there's -- there's some additional procedural language there that we don't take any issue with.

But it's clear from both the code and the code of state rules that the Board is entitled -- the Board has subject-matter jurisdiction to review an official action of the DEP. And beyond that, it does not have jurisdiction. If there is no official action that has been complained of, there is nothing left for the Board to consider.

It can review an order, permit or official action within 30 days of entry and receipt addressing a specific action complained of.

Now, both the reading and the stylings of Appellant's pleadings don't leave any doubt that they're appealing the NOVs in Order 2022-6.

And, Daniel, if we could go to the notice of appeal, and we're going to go to PDF page one of the notice of appeal. And if we could just Zoom out, so that we can see the -- that introductory paragraph.

Okay. And as you can see under the notice

of appeal, which is just here, an initial filing document that they accompanied with a memorandum, under "Action Complained of," and, hopefully, everyone can read that, "The Appellant represents that it is aggrieved by notices of violation described in the appeal from order and annulment review in order 2022-6."

Now, if you could go to PDF page 88. And go up to the caption in the title, if you could. And as you can see from the title of this pleading, it is an appeal from order and annulment review. And it opens, "For its appeal from order and annulment review dated March 9th, 2022, hereinafter order 2022-6."

And you can go ahead and take that down, Daniel. So, accordingly, it's clear both legally and factually that the action being complained of is the issuance of the NOVs in order 2022-6 that is, number one, that's the official action that the Appellant was entitled to seek review of. Number two, the stylings and the content of its pleadings indicate that the action complained of is order 2022-6 and the underlying NOVs. Now, DEP has, as represented by this motion to dismiss and now officially entered -- Daniel, if you could pull up order 2022-9 -- and if you could Zoom out just a little bit. I'm sorry. Zoom in, Daniel. I'm not

technically adept today. 1 And the date that that was issued was July 2 13th, 2022. That is an official action of Cabinet 3 Secretary Ward and the DEP. It's listed as order number 4 2022-9. And you can stop there. The introduction states that it's issued by 6 the DEP pursuant to the authority of the Environmental 7 8 Resource statute and Oil and Gas statute, and that it --9 I'm sorry -- it supersedes order number 2022-6 issued on March 9th, 2022, which is hereby vacated. 10 11 Now, if you could scroll down to the end of the last page. I believe there may accidentally be a 12 blank page, so it will be page two. If you scroll down 13 to the order. 14 MR. WEILER: Have you provided that order 15 to everybody? 16 I have. I emailed it out 17 MR. DRIVER: yesterday. 18 19 MR. WEILER: Did I get that? Probably. 20 MS. DERAIMO: I was going to say --21 MR. DRIVER: You all have it, don't you? 22 MR. LEACH: Yeah. 23 MS. DERAIMO: I was going to say, I printed it out with your stuff. 24

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MR. WEILER:
                               Probably.
1
                              I cc'd you, Mr. Weiler --
2
                 MR. DRIVER:
                 MR. WEILER:
                              That's All right.
3
                              -- but I won't go through and
4
                 MR. DRIVER:
    read the --
5
                 MR. WEILER: Well, that's fine. I was just
6
7
    making sure that -- and the Board all has it, right?
8
                 MS. DERAIMO: Yeah.
                                       I sent it to them.
9
                              Okay. Good. I'm sorry. Go
                 MR. WEILER:
    ahead.
10
11
                 MR. DRIVER: Assuming everyone can read
    that on the screen and has a copy, I'll kind of
12
    abbreviate it. The substance of the order is that DEP
13
    hereby orders that all four of those NOVs are hereby
14
    annulled and that the application for annulment of the
15
    NOVs is hereby granted, and that the original order 2022-
16
    6 is hereby vacated.
17
                 within the body of the order, it indicated
18
    that the reason that happened is that as the Appellants
19
20
    pointed out, a special inspection on the site itself was
21
    not performed, DEP therefore deemed the annulment review
22
    administratively complete and granted the annulment and
23
   vacated the NOVs, as requested.
                              It would've been nice if that
24
                 MR. WEILER:
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was done back in like April.
1
                 MR. DRIVER: It would've been ideal;
2
    however, this was -- in the preparation for coming
3
    forward on this litigation, we reviewed it, we discussed
4
    it internally, we considered the Appellant's arguments.
6
   we did a legal review and concluded that they were
7
    correct, it was administratively --
8
                 MR. WEILER: Did you all have discussions
9
   with DD Oil's counsel throughout this, that this may be
    coming?
10
11
                 MR. DRIVER: Not about this subject, no.
    can't represent to you, other than having a very brief
12
    phone call, letting them know we intended to vacate it.
13
    This wasn't like a negotiated settlement --
14
15
                 MR. WEILER:
                              okay.
                 MR. DRIVER: -- this is something that was
16
17
    pursuant to an internal review.
                 MR. WEILER: Okay. Accordingly, there's
18
    not an action left to be appealed. The complained of
19
20
    action has been vacated and no longer exists. And as a
21
    matter of practice, the Board can't take any action to
22
    vacate, modify or affirm the official action, as it's
    been -- as it's been vacated.
23
                 Real briefly going to talk about
24
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declaratory judgement as a relief. I laid that out in the motion. I'm prepared to argue it, if necessary. I don't think we have to reach the issue of whether or not the Board has the authority in general to issue declaratory judgements. I think it's clear that it's not legally authorized to issue injunctions, but I can argue about the declaratory judgment, if necessary.

The determination is irrelevant because the action upon which the Board could've granted declaratory judgement has already been vacated and it's of no effect. There's nothing to make a declaratory judgement about. And in its response to its motion, the Appellant correctly notes that the Board does have the power to modify permits. That is absolutely correct.

However, as noted above, the permit itself is not the action that's complained of. And even if it were, an appeal to modify the terms and conditions of the permit would've been 30 days after the permit's issuance. That has long passed. That passed over two years ago.

So what it boils down to is this, if this appeal is not declared moot, first of all, we'll be having the hearing predicated on an action that DEP has already agreed to vacate. It will be predicated on an action that no longer for consideration purposes exists.

what that does is boil down to a trial of all the collateral matters without -- without the potential to potentially vacate it at the end.

Second, as a practical matter going forward, not rendering this moot will -- would enable an Appellant to appeal, literally, of any action taken by the DEP. It could appeal an NOV, any other action that it could piggyback these collateral attacks and requests for declaratory judgment on permits that we issued years ago, which is what's happening here. The permit was issued years ago. There's been appeals of NOVs and an order and they're piggybacking on collateral attacks on the permit itself.

Finally, in addition to the declaratory judgment, the Appellant asks that the DEP be enjoined for what's been characterized as interference with their contracts, their business.

As the Board knows, contracts and tort matters are clearly outside of the Board's bailiwick. Those belong in other venues. If the Appellant would like to bring an action and exercise its legal right to allege that, you know, there's been some tortious interference or other, you know, interference with the contracts, that's something they can do in another venue.

That is outside of what the Legislature has charged the 1 Board with doing. 2 In short, they're legally entitled to 3 review of a specific agency action. They complained of a 4 specific agency action. DEP granted their request to vacate that action and there's nothing live left for the 6 Board to legally decide that it has any jurisdiction 7 over. And with that, I'll pass it over to the Board or 8 to counsel. CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Any questions of Mr. 10 Driver from Board members? 11 None for me. MR. SOMERVILLE: 12 MR. CAPELLI: None here. 13 MS. WINTERS: None for me. Thank you. 14 CHAIRMAN SNYDER: None from me. 15 So just -what I hear you saying is any of the items that have been 16 brought forth by DD Oil have been removed at this point 17 in time? 18 MR. DRIVER: They have brought forth 19 multiple items other than being aggrieved by order 2022-20 21 DEP's position is that they were entitled to review 22 of order 2022-6 and the underlying NOVs. That is the action complained of in their notice of appeal. That was 23 the title of their accompanying memorandum. That's what

24

1	they're legally entitled to appeal. And the other
2	requests for relief are collateral matters over which
3	either the Board has no jurisdiction or are mooted by the
4	fact that the order no longer exists. But they
5	definitely have other things that are listed as requested
6	relief in the pleadings.
7	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: What you're saying is
8	what they have brought before the Board has been taken
9	care of at this point by the DEP?
10	MR. DRIVER: Yes. Mr. Chairman, we believe
11	what they were legally entitled to bring before the Board
12	has been addressed.
13	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Legally entitled is the
14	term I was looking for. Thank you.
15	MR. DRIVER: We believe the entire
16	substance of the notice of appeal have been addressed,
17	and I'm confident that counsel will disagree with me.
18	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Thank you, Mr. Driver.
19	Mr. Leach?
20	MR. LEACH: Well, Mr. Chairman, we
21	respectfully disagree with a few of those positions. And
22	I'd like to highlight a few things.
23	First, we'll start with our notice of
24	appeal. And I don't have somebody to summon the

1	documents in front of you, as Mr. Driver did, but the
2	first
3	MR. DRIVER: If I can interject, I can
4	have, if Mr. Leach would like me to, I can put them up,
5	but if you don't need me to, then that's
6	MR. LEACH: If you don't mind putting up
7	the notice of appeal, first page.
8	MR. DRIVER: Okay. If you could
9	CHAIRMAN SNYDER: That would be helpful to
10	the Board. Thank you.
11	MR. DRIVER: Daniel, if you could put up
12	Notice of Appeal, PDF page 1.
13	MR. LEACH: Thank you.
14	MR. DRIVER: Okay. And, Daniel, just
15	scroll it to wherever Mr. Leach wants.
16	MR. LEACH: If you could, scroll down to
17	where we can see the relief requested, which is one
18	through eight. Thank you.
19	So a few other things that I feel that were
20	omitted here in our discussion regarding our notice of
21	appeal. We've asked for several different types of
22	relief that we do believe that the Board has the
23	authority to make a ruling on today pursuant to its
24	authority under 22B-1-7(g)(1), which is also cited in our

response to their motion to dismiss.

To highlight a few things: Number two, "Entry of an order declaring that WVDEP's request for form WR35," which is a completion report, that that is premature. That is an authority that the Board has under 22B-1-7. We cited those reasons in our response. And, basically, that's a review of an official action and, also, a request to affirm, which the Board specifically has the ability to affirm permits. So this is something that is clearly at this point in time not moot.

We'll go to number three, "The entry of an order declaring that DD Oil's permit rights for the subject wells were and are still valid." Again, this is something that the Board under its authority 22B-1-7(g)(1), that is something that the Board has the authority to affirm that at all times, our permits were valid.

MR. WEILER: Excuse me. Has there been any time where the DEP said that the permits were not valid?

MR. LEACH: There are. In our notices of violations -- well, let's start this way. The effect of a notice of violation from the DEP immediately enjoins DD Oil from any further permit work.

And the real substantive issue of this case is

Charleston, West Virginia 25362

1	that starting from back in July of last year, almost
2	exactly a year ago when the first finding of imminent
3	danger and cease operations order was issued, that's when
4	this case starts, and DD Oil's complaint is the effect of
5	issuing these orders, all of which have either been
6	overturned by a Circuit Court Judge or have been
7	retracted by the DEP itself, effectively has denied our
8	exercise of our valid permit rights.
9	So what we are asking the Board to do this
10	morning is to affirm that the actions taken by the DEP
11	were in error.
12	MR. WEILER: I think that's whether it was
13	in error or not, they retracted it.
14	MR. LEACH: And still deprived DD Oil of its
15	valid permit rights.
16	MR. WEILER: Okay.
17	MR. LEACH: And for those reasons, we are
18	asking the Board to modify its permit and to extend its
19	permit for the period of time in which it has lost, which
20	as of this month is approximately one year.
21	MR. WEILER: Okay. Well, can't the DEP just
22	extend the permit, considering what they did?
23	MR. DRIVER: First of all
24	MR WEILER: In a senarate matter from this

1	MR. DRIVER: we first of all, the DEP is
2	not conceding that the permits are still valid. That's
3	still at issue. That's still a legal issue. That's very
4	much live between the Appellant and DEP.
5	Number two, I don't know that the DEP has the
6	authority to unilaterally extend an oil and gas permit.
7	MR. WEILER: Yeah.
8	MR. DRIVER: And the third thing that I've got,
9	I'll give Mr. Leach a chance to present his argument, and
10	then I'll revisit it.
11	MR. WEILER: Yeah. Okay. I'm sorry, Mr. Leach
12	for interrupting, but I've got to show the law clerk here
13	some things. Go ahead.
14	MR. LEACH: So we'll continue on here. So I
15	believe I just addressed number three.
16	MR. WEILER: Yeah.
17	MR. LEACH: We'll move on to number four,
18	"Entry of an order declaring that WVDEP deprived DD Oil
19	of its right to contest the notice of violation."
20	There were several other procedural errors made
21	in this case that we have outlined in our response on
22	some other relevant procedural history that we feel,
23	again, was conveniently omitted. If the Board
24	Would he be able to, Mr. Driver, pull up our

response?

MR. DRIVER: Yes. Daniel, that should be under, I believe, it would be DD Oil's response to something along the lines of motion to dismiss.

MR. LEACH: If you could just scroll down to relevant procedural history. We'll start with number one. Thank you. So, again, back to the timeline here. "Finding of imminent danger and cease operations order entered on July 16th by Inspector James."

At this point in time is really when the controversy regarding DD Oil's permits begin because at this point in time, DD Oil is unable to proceed with any of its permitted well work, which we, of course, claim that that permit was valid.

The finding of imminent danger provided a provision that you had to -- that you could apply for hearing within 15 days, down to number three. Before any action could be taken by DD Oil, they issued notices of violation on July 20th, then again further prohibiting our client from taking any further action under what we believe was their valid permit.

In that notice of violation, they were allowed to have seven days to either address or abate the alleged violations. However, again, before DD Oil could comply

with any sort of response or make any attempt to abate, if even necessary, the DEP then files a Motion for Preliminary Injunction in the Circuit Court of Ritchie County of which there was a corresponding order temporarily granting the restraining order.

So from the time the finding -- I'm sorry, what's the document called -- the finding of Imminent Danger and Cease Operations Order was entered in July, all the way through the end of July now, DD Oil has been completely deprived of any response via several additional official actions of the West Virginia Division of Environmental Protection, of which now this Board has authority to review.

And what we are arguing is that the way in which they filed these deprived us of any ability to make a response, and then when we actually did have an ability to respond, that was before the Circuit Court in Ritchie County, and Honorable Judge Sweeney denied their bid for injunction and threw that out, and then remanded for further proceedings, which is where we've gotten to today.

MR. WEILER: Couldn't you have done a writ of prohibition somewhere, I don't know whether it's Circuit Court or Supreme Court to stop them for doing what

1	they're	doing?	
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MR. LEACH: Well, specifically in the order dissolving the DEP's request for preliminary injunction, Sweeney remanded it back for further proceedings on the permit because this is actually the correct venue to address those issues. So other courts would not have that authority until we have the hearing that we're here trying to have today.

MR. WEILER: Okay. Yeah. But that was all last summer and, you know, we're here on this order that was issued in March. That's what we're dealing with, March 2022, right?

MR. LEACH: Correct. So if I could continue on through the rest of this.

MR. WEILER: Go ahead.

MR. LEACH: Because it all is inter -- you know, interlocked here because, again, we start back in July, there's a cease-and-desist order.

MR. WEILER: Yeah.

MR. LEACH: Then there's a notice of violation. Then there's a preliminary injunction. All of those three actions were taken, and DD Oil did not even have a chance to respond.

Once we do finally get an order from the

Circuit Court judge saying you didn't even come close to showing a finding of imminent danger. That's -- at almost the conclusion, probably within a week of receiving that order, then DD Oil gets another official correspondence from DEP then stating that now WR35 is due, which is a completion report.

So, again, DD Oil has been deprived of its permit right. And that's why these all matter because it was just action after action after action after action where they are not permitted to proceed on these permits until they address these actions.

So that's where we get to. And we can check the certified record on this, but we have filed requests for annulments, I believe, in February. That's close to the time that my firm and my co-counsel got involved in this case, and that's when the DEP then issued that order denying our annulment based on the substance of those arguments.

MR. WEILER: It just seems to me that even at that point, it seems to me that some type of writ action by DD Oil would've been what needed to be done because the DEP was going -- acting crazy and not giving you the opportunity to deal with these issues, that it would be a writ because I'm always -- in other agencies, I'm on the

other end of that, having to respond to writs to show that -- you know, but that just seems odd.

But I mean what's the bottom line here? I mean did you lose money? Did DD Oil lose money? Are there attorney fees involved? Have you considered an action against -- in the Legislative Claims Commission to recoup moneys, those kind of things?

Because I still don't see -- of course it's just me, you know, what the appeal board, Quality Board can do in this matter, but I'll let you go ahead further.

MR. LEACH: First and foremost on some other type of writ or some other form of relief, any court that we would go and file in, and this is the direction of Judge Sweeney, was that we had to first exhaust all administrative remedies, which was, first, requesting an annulment from DEP. That was then denied, and then our next step in exhausting all administrative remedies is then to appeal to this Board of which, as we've discussed today, and as Mr. Driver has also conceded to, that the Board does have the authority to modify and review these official actions and do what we are here for today, which is a one-year extension of the permits.

Yes. They have been aggrieved by the DEP's actions. Yes. They have suffered substantial losses.

1	Yes. We do intend to file further actions against the
2	DEP for those issues, however, first, we must exhaust all
3	of the administrative remedies because the issue of
4	whether the permit was valid or not is a critical piece
5	of those next steps.
6	MR. WEILER: Yeah. I mean
7	MR. LEACH: So this is the appropriate venue.
8	MR. WEILER: Yeah. I mean I don't know if that
9	exhaust administrative remedies, I mean I use that
10	argument all the time, and sometimes it works and
11	sometimes it doesn't. I guess sometimes it depends on
12	the judge. And, you know, you would've probably had a
13	little bit more success in Kanawha County than you did
14	in what county were you all in in all this?
15	MR. LEACH: We were in Ritchie County where the
16	venue is proper.
17	MR. WEILER: Ritchie. But I mean if is
18	there a process where you request an extension of permit,
19	they deny, and then you can appeal that?
20	MR. LEACH: The Board has the authority we
21	noticed this in our appeal, and that is the relief that's
22	requested. And we would certainly appreciate if the
23	Board would order that because we do believe that that

rectifies the situation to the extent that this Board has

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the authority to do so.

when I say certainly in equity when you look at all the actions taken against the DEP, now some of which were dismissed by a Circuit Court judge, some of which have now been vacated by the Department's own actions, that would be a very appropriate remedy in this case.

MR. WEILER: Okay. Do you want to go further?

MR. LEACH: Yeah.

MR. WEILER: Anything else?

MR. LEACH: I believe my co-counsel wants to speak to a few things.

MR. WEILER: Go ahead.

MR. UMINA: Yeah. If I could. Just a couple of things. you know, one of the reasons that that previous -- the previous procedural history is relevant in matters, you know, after they lost their injunction, which again was filed prior to the expiration of the abatement period, they went and filed an injunction after losing in that hearing, the DEP then contacted the producers who DD Oil had lined up and prevented them from producing from these wells.

So despite losing, the DEP went out of their way, contacted the producers. Well, now we're into August, September. So then the producers leave. They go

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to other jobs, so then we have all winter long that the new producers can't get out there, can't do anything.

So in fact when we were looking at what remedies we have, some of them that you mentioned, then they show up right as spring is starting after they had run the producers out of there the previous fall, after losing, mind you, and then they issue these additional violations.

So now we're postured here. And we think in equity, the due process rights of DD Oil and even as we sit here now, this hearing was even continued for months to which our permits, as it relates to these wells expired during that time.

So here's where we're postured now. DD Oil -if the Board doesn't extend these permits, DD Oil is
going to have to repay the permit fees, go back to all of
the landowners, get new bonds and go through all of these
processes that are much more than just the cost.

And when we're looking at what occurred here, the DEP at every single turn has lost or withdrawn their actions. So we do not believe in equity and in fairness that DD Oil should eat the cost in the value of those permits for the entire period of time that the DEP has, frankly, been interfering with their permits.

Now, counsel just stated the DEP can't unilaterally change it, but we know who can. This Board can. It is explicitly clear that the Board has the authority to modify permits.

So what we are asking, very simply, at this juncture, and the only reason that any of us have to even talk today is because this is the main thing that we are looking for.

MR. WEILER: I don't think -- I think the Board, and I would like to hear from the Board, but as long as -- you know, I've been here a couple years, two or three years, and usually the Board are hearing appeals -- with regards to permits, whether it was denied, a registration to the general permit was denied, or the parameters of the requirements of a permit. We can modify those, whether or not the testing, you know, that kind of thing.

I don't think we've ever had this situation. I mean if any of the Board's members have any historical knowledge that this is something that the Board could even do.

CHAIRMAN SNYDER: I don't believe I recall anything of this nature being brought before the Board.

Mr. Driver from the DEP, I don't think -- I know you -- I

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don't believe you've ever brought anything of this nature before us before.

MR. DRIVER: I can't make any kind of, you know, proffer that I would swear on, but I have -- I've - - in my experience and in my colleague's experience, we've never had the Board address these matters. I mean that's obviously not dispositive. That's just anecdotal, but I've never seen it.

CHAIRMAN SNYDER: And just a general comment listening to Mr. Umina, going back and starting from scratch with the permit, it's involved.

MR. WEILER: Yeah. I mean I look at it and I say what options do you all have? I don't know if you've sent a pre-suit notice to the DEP yet. I don't know if - or are you considering a case to the Legislative Claims Commission because, you know, it's a fairness issue to get relief or reimbursement for costs. I don't know if there's a tortious interference case, if they're interfering with you and your producers.

But I just -- you know, that's why it's tough for me to see that we can modify a permit that's not the subject of an appeal technically or, you know, specifically not subject to the appeal. So why don't you respond to that, and then we'll have Mr. Driver.

MR. LEACH: Yeah. The notices of violation that we're appealing, those put the permit on ice.

MR. WEILER: Yeah.

MR. LEACH: So at whatever point that the Board would like to look back and say that this interference and now they have abandoned those claims has deprived our client of their valid rights to its permit and deprived us of due process, that's what we're asking the Board now to make a rule on is to modify that permit, which they very clearly have the authority to do, just a plainlanguage, black-letter law reading of 22B-1-7(g)(1), they expressly have the authority to modify a permit.

MR. WEILER: Yeah.

MR. LEACH: I think very logically. The extension of a permit through the period of time of which we have lost due to notices of violations being issued that, again, by their own admission, they have withdrawn, that is a very appropriate remedy in this case, and I think that that's -- that's the least that -- you know, that's exactly what we're asking the Board to do here today is to extend those permits.

MR. WEILER: Yeah. I mean I appreciate your arguments. I think I went to a legal seminar once where the guy said, "After you look at your motion, get rid of

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all the adverbs because nothing is ever clear." We may have authority, I don't know, but it's not clear that we have authority.

But nonetheless, Mr. Driver, why don't you have the last word, and then the Board -- if anybody on the Board has any individual questions, we'll go with that.

MR. DRIVER: Yeah. Would the Board -- I'm sorry. Would the Board like to hear anything else from Mr. Leach? I'm not sure if he was done.

MR. WEILER: Okay.

CHAIRMAN SNYDER: I think if other Board members have questions for Mr. Leach or Mr. Umina, I think I understood their positions clearly. Is that -- what is the DEP's response to that because it does appear that -- I think was it Mr. Leach who said put everything on ice. That is kind of what happened.

MR. DRIVER: Dr. Snyder, I'm not going to get into the weeds on that characterization unless you really want me to.

MR. WEILER: We want you to. How about that?

MR. DRIVER: An NOV does not, per se, stop an

operator from operating. We have operators out there who

get NOV's once a week and they're able to keep going.

24 | All it does is put the operator on notice that they are

violating, that they need to correct it and that future enforcement might be -- an enforcement action might be taken if they don't.

One thing I do want to make clear to the Board is the hearing in Ritchie County Circuit Court in front of Judge Sweeney was intended to find whether there was imminent danger sufficient to support DEP's application for injunctive relief.

Judge Sweeney found that there was not an adequate showing of imminent danger, however, in last or second-to-last paragraph of his order, he explicitly declined to address it, to address the matter on its merits and suggested that it needed to go back downstairs for administrative consideration.

So I just wanted to make it clear that the hearing in front of Judge Sweeney was not on the merits, the factual merits of the case. It was simply his determination that DEP didn't make a finding of imminent danger. And he explicitly declined to usurp administrative authority.

MR. WEILER: I mean when the inspector issues - correct me if I'm wrong -- a finding of imminent danger
and cease operations, I mean that would scare the hell
out of me if I was DD Oil.

1	MR. DRIVER: Well, cease and desist and
2	Martin, correct me if I'm wrong, I'm referring to Mr.
3	Martin cease and desist order is gone, correct?
4	MR. MARTIN: Yeah.
5	MR. DRIVER: The cease-and-desist order is not
6	at issue here. The cease-and-desist order has been
7	vacated.
8	MR. WEILER: I know, but back then if they had
9	as a even as a precautionary measure stopped their
10	operations, what you all were doing preventing them from
11	the permit, what they would operate on the permit, I mean
12	I think that's real. Now, I don't know what we can do
13	about it here now, but I think that's real.
14	You know, unless I'm just I mean because
15	that's what is that in "A Few Good Men," grave danger,
16	grave danger, is there any other kind, you know, imminent
17	danger, you know. I mean that's some harsh words. I
18	mean I know that's wording from a you know, a reg or
19	statute, but I don't but I understand, so
20	MR. LEACH: If I could address some language
21	from these notices of violations.
22	MR. WEILER: Right.
23	MR. LEACH: I mean they essentially say that
24	that doesn't mean you have to stop work. "Failure to

abate a violation by the date will result in bond forfeiture and may result in assessment of civil penalties or filing of misdemeanor charges and/or further action for injunctive relief."

So to claim that the issuance of a notice of violation doesn't mean you have to stop today, maybe they have better relations with other producers or whatever it may be, that they have an understanding that will work towards a resolution, which is my understanding happens with many other producers. My producer was not afforded that opportunity, so he is faced with comply with this notice of violation, of which he claimed I have not violated. How can you abate something that you haven't violated?

MR. WEILER: Yeah.

MR. LEACH: And then not only are you facing that, but you're also facing civil penalties, your bond forfeiture. The bond you put up, you lose that, in addition to potentially criminal misdemeanor charges for violating that order. How can you continue on in the face of a notice of violation that has such language?

MR. WEILER: Yeah. Professor Cady -- whoever went to WVU -- used to say "Every dog gets one free bite. It's the second bite that, I mean, you know, can cost you

out of pocket." So I mean I understand if you get notice that there's imminent danger and you continue on operating and something happens, you know, that could be problematic for DD Oil. So I don't know, that's my law school lecture for the day.

MR. DRIVER: And Mr. Weiler, can I?

MR. WEILER: Yeah.

MR. DRIVER: I would point out that the NOV refers to these potential consequences predicated on a failure to abate.

MR. WEILER: Yeah.

MR. DRIVER: But I mean the bottom line, as has been pointed out repeatedly is that the complained of action is an order and the underlying NOVs.

The Appellant correctly states that the Board has the power to modify permits, however, it does not have the power to modify a permit in this particular instance.

If an application by an Appellant to modify a permit is going to be made, it needs to be made within 30 days from the permit being issued. 22B-1-7 only confers the Board the power to review these things to modify, to vacate or affirm, if the appeal is filed within 30 days of the official action. They can't come in two years

later and ask for modification of term permits.

The Board does have the power to modify permits. They don't have the power here. 22B-1-7 does not confer that power. They would've had to appeal the permit. That should've happened two years ago. The Board can't enter injunctive relief because there is no provision in the statute for it.

Simply put, I mean the Board does not -everyone on the Board knows permit appeals happen within
30 days of the permit being issued. You can't come back
two years later and ask for modification of a permit.

Now, the procedural history on this, the appeal is from the order and NOVs. The procedural history prior to these actions is not implicated. It's not at issue here. And those are properly issues for another venue. Again, allowing these collateral issues to be piggybacked onto an NOV appeal or an NOV order appeal would allow any litigant to appeal an agency action, and then start seeking permit modifications.

And in the case of Judge Sweeney's remand, I don't know that a remand from Circuit Court for failure to exhaust administrative remedies forecloses either an extraordinary writ or filing in another administrative venue, like the Court of Claims. It just makes it

premature for consideration by the Circuit Court. 1 2 MR. WEILER: Yeah. MR. DRIVER: I can't make -- can't make a 3 4 nuance legal argument right there, but I don't know that it forecloses extraordinary writs. 6 MR. WEILER: I mean I know that DEP put you, Scott, in a difficult position because all the sudden out 7 8 of nowhere the day before the hearing, they wipe their hands of everything like nothing ever happened. you know, if you go back before -- if they're 10 11 wiping out the notice of violations, then if you go back to the time when those were issued, and then work your 12 way forward, look at all the stuff that happened to DD 13 Oil and what they had to go through at the time. That's 14 what's concerning. 15 I went to the University of Tennessee, and they 16 used to have a saying, "The big orange screw" is when the 17 school screwed you, whether it would be registering for 18 classes or whatever, but that was -- you know, it was in 19 20 the '80s, and that's what they called it, the big orange screw". This looks like the DEP screw. 21 22 So I mean -- and I feel -- you know, 23 personally, I feel an issue with what DD Oil went through. Legally, I don't know what we can do about it, 24

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but if anybody wants to have any more -- and I think the Board, if they have any questions. If not, we're going to do a deliberation.

MR. LEACH: I have one additional comment.

MR. WEILER: Yeah.

MR. LEACH: I think that if you take Mr. Driver's analysis here, the interpretation of the statutes that we have that control these permits, this would just lead to a completely absurd result, as we're seeing here; for example, how do you abate a permit when you dispute the violation? How do you modify a permit when you have notices of violation on it? Those are not a logical result.

what is a logical result of the notice of violation in what are threatened with bond forfeiture, civil penalties and misdemeanor charges is that you cannot operate under your permit. And that's why the request that we're making today is extension of the permit for one year from the time in July of last year when the first cease order was entered -- or that was filed until today.

MR. UMINA: If I could have two sentences if everyone doesn't mind.

MR. WEILER: Yeah.

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1	MR. UMINA: I think like many cases in West
2	Virginia, you know, even when we look at the Supreme
3	Court, this is kind of a case of first impressions before
4	this Board in terms of what is its ability to modify
5	permits?
6	Again, it would be an absurd result to think
7	you must and the only time the Board can modify a
8	permit is at the time it's issued or denied. And the DEP
9	can do whatever it wants during your permit period, but
10	if you are aggrieved and it interferes with you utilizing
11	your permit, that the Board then cannot modify it. That
12	is a completely absurd interpretation.
13	Plain language reading of that statute clearly
14	gives this Board the ability to modify, and equity
15	demands it.
16	MR. WEILER: Yeah. I don't think you're going
17	to see the Board making cases of first impression. We
18	leave that to Circuit Courts and Supreme Courts and the
19	Legislators to change regs or statutes, but it's an
20	interesting thought.
21	Does the Board have any questions? And I
22	apologize if I have spoke so much today. I just you
23	know

CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Any questions from the Board

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members, Chuck?
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             MR. SOMERVILLE: No, I don't think so at this
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   time. I think maybe a chance to speak off -- out of the
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             MR. WEILER: Deliberate.
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                                       Steve?
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             CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Yeah.
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             MR. CAPELLI: I agree. I think it's time we
   went into deliberation.
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             MS. WINTERS: I'm the same.
             CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Yeah. I'll discuss this
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    during deliberation. But yeah, I think, Mark, some of
   your comments well summed up some of my thoughts, so --
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    okay. Let us then go off the record and we will discuss
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    this and get back to you as soon as we possibly can.
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   This may take a while.
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                     (DELIBERATION OFF THE RECORD
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                  OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF PARTIES.)
         (OFF THE RECORD.)
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         (ON THE RECORD.)
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             CHAIRMAN SNYDER: And thank you, everyone.
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   After a great deal of discussion, we're going to dismiss
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    this -- well, the issue before the Board and allow this
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    to continue, properly, to another venue.
              It does seem that by dropping the NOVs, it
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would almost seem appropriate to restart the clock for DD Oil, but we do not have the authority to cause that to occur, but that was -- in our discussions, it seemed to be a poor way to deal. This is where the Board is on this particular item. Mark, do you want to add to that?

MR. WEILER: Well, just being specific, I mean

the Board has unanimously voted to dismiss this appeal, the issue being moot. The Board does not have the authority to modify the permit under the circumstances presented.

But I note, all the Board felt that the DEP should work with DD Oil to extend permits and stuff and try to make up for the havoc that's been caused in this matter, some not -- some due to no fault of DD Oil, but it seems like you'd want to work something out.

Well, we just don't feel -- the Board doesn't feel it has the authority to grant the relief that you're requesting, and that the fact that all NOVs have been withdrawn, you know, that's what we're here for in the first place, understanding all the circumstances and procedural history in this matter.

So we're requesting that Mr. Driver draft an appropriate order granting and have it reviewed by Morgan and Ryan before presenting to the Board for entering.

MR. DRIVER: I will do that. 1 Okay. And I don't think there's 2 MR. WEILER: 3 anything further unless anybody has any last comments. 4 MR. LEACH: No, we don't. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 6 MR. WEILER: okay. CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Well, thank you. 7 It would be -- I would think of it as a fair and appropriate thing if 8 9 there could be dialogue between DEP and DD Oil to see if there could be some sort of fair resolution, considering 10 that there were probably issues on both sides, but it 11 would be nice to see something appropriate worked out. 12 And any Board members have anything else to add? 13 MR. CAPELLI: Nothing here. 14 MR. SOMERVILLE: Not from me. Thanks. 15 CHAIRMAN SNYDER: Okay. And I thank all the 16 17 parties. You presented in a very clear and succinct fashion. I think we have a pretty good idea of what 18 occurred. With no further comments, we'll go off the 19 20 record. 21 (WHEREUPON, THE HEARING WAS CONCLUDED.)

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA,
COUNTY OF KANAWHA, to wit:

I, Denys Snodgrass, Notary Public in and for the State of West Virginia, duly commissioned and qualified, do hereby certify that the foregoing deposition was duly taken by and before me, under the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure, at the time and place and for the purpose specified in the caption thereof; the said witness having been duly sworn by me to testify the whole truth and nothing but the truth concerning the matter in controversy.

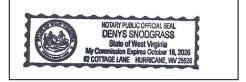
I certify that the attached transcript meets the requirements set forth within Article 27, Chapter 47 of the West Virginia Code.

I do certify that the said deposition was correctly taken by me by means of the Stenomask; that the same was transcribed by me, and that the said transcript is a true record of the testimony given by said witness.

I further certify that I am not connected by blood or marriage with any of the parties to this action, am not a relative or employee or attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of such attorney or counsel, or financially interested in the action, or interested, directly or indirectly, in the

matter in controversy.

Given under my hand this 18th day of July 2022.



Huys Anodyran

Denys Snodgrass, CCR, Notary Public

My commission expires October 15, 2026.